Jean Du Tillet and the French Wars of Religion - Jean Du Tillet 1994

Jean Du Tillet: a Neglected Scholar of the Sixteenth Century - C. H. Turner 1905

Jean Du Tillet, a neglected scholar of the 16th century - Cuthbert Hamilton Turner

French Vernacular Books / Livres vernaculaires français (FB) (2 vols.) - Andrew Pettegree 2007-11-02 A complete short-title catalogue of all books published in the French language before 1601. Based on twelve years of investigations in libraries in France and other countries, FB lists over 52,000 bibliographically distinct items in over 1,600 different libraries.
Old Families of Louisiana- Stanley C. Arthur 2009-06-01
Part I of this volume contains the genealogical series on
Louisiana families written by Charles Patton Dimitry in
1892, and published in weekly installments in the old New
Orleans Times-Democrat. Each sketch has been
scrupulously edited, corrected and amplified. cf. Avant-
propos./ Originally published: New Orleans : Harmanson,
1931.

Changing Identities in Early Modern France- Michael
Wolfe 1997 After examining the interplay between
competing ideologies and public institutions, from the
monarchy to the Parlement of Paris to the aristocratic
household, the volume explores the dynamics of deviance
and dissent, particularly in regard to women's roles in
religious reform movements and such sensationalized
phenomena as the witch hunts and infanticide trials.

Hebrew Gospel of Matthew- George Howard 2005-07 "The
present book is a revised edition of The Hebrew Gospel of
Matthew according to a Primitive Hebrew Text (1995) in
which the Hebrew text of the Gospel of Matthew as it
appeared in Even Bohan is printed, accompanied by an
English translation and an expanded and thorough revision
of Howard's critical analysis. An important thrust of this
new edition is to establish that the Hebrew Matthew of the
Even Bohan predates the fourteenth century. It shares many readings with ancient Christian writings, some of which were lost in antiquity only to reappear in modern times. These included Codex Sinaiticus, the Old Syriac version, the Coptic Gospel of Thomas, and a host of others. Howard also analyzes the language, artistic touches, and theology of the Hebrew Gospel. Perhaps most significant are the portraits of Jesus Christ and John the Baptist depicted in the document. Both portraits belong to an early form of Jewish Christianity -- lost in antiquity -- in which the Baptist plays a salvific role in the redemption of humanity and Jesus operates as a divine solicitor and judge."--Back cover.

**Franks, Burgundians, and Aquitanians and the Royal Coronation Ceremony in France** - Elizabeth Brown  
2007-12 Deals with two unusual French ordo in which relevance took precedence over tradition. In both the pregnant phrase franks, burgundians, & aquitanians appeared in the prayer following the king’s unction in the place traditionally occupied by the alien triad saxons, mercians, & northumbrians. The ceremonials were thus transformed & made fully appropriate for the ruler of France. Contents of this study: (1) franks, burgundians, & aquitanians in the 12th Century: The ordo of lat. 14192; (2) The Reappearance of franks, burgundians, & aquitanians in Early Modern France: Jean du Tillet; Du Tillet’s Version of the ordo maior of croix; Theodore Godefroy & Du Tillet’s ordo; (3) Conclusion. Appendix: The ordo maior of croix. Bibliography.
One King, One Faith - Nancy Lyman Roelker 1996-01-01
"Will be the definitive work on the Parlement in the Reformation and Wars of Religion." -- Orest R. Ranum, author of The Fronde, a French Revolution

Perilous Performances - Katherine Crawford 2009-06-30
In a book addressing those interested in the transformation of monarchy into the modern state and in intersections of gender and political power, Katherine Crawford examines the roles of female regents in early modern France. The reigns of child kings loosened the normative structure in which adult males headed the body politic, setting the stage for innovative claims to authority made on gendered terms. When assuming the regency, Catherine de Medicis presented herself as dutiful mother, devoted widow, and benign peacemaker, masking her political power. In subsequent regencies, Marie de Medicis and Anne of Austria developed strategies that naturalized a regendering of political structures. They succeeded so thoroughly that Philippe d'Orleans found that this rhetoric at first supported but ultimately undermined his authority. Regencies demonstrated that power did not necessarily work from the places, bodies, or genders in which it was presumed to reside. While broadening the terms of monarchy, regencies involving complex negotiations among child kings, queen mothers, and royal uncles made clear that the state continued regardless of the king--a point not lost on the Revolutionaries or irrelevant to the fate of Marie-Antoinette.
French Books III & IV-Andrew Pettegree 2011-10-14
French Books III & IV offer a unique overview of what was printed during the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries in France in languages other than French. This bibliography lists descriptions of over 40,000 editions together with bibliographical references, an introduction and indexes.

The Information Master-Jacob Soll 2011-08-08 A fascinating inquiry into Jean-Baptiste Colbert's collection of knowledge

Jean Du Tillet, archivist and antiquary-Donald R Kelley

Jean du Tillet et les illustrations du grand "Recueil des rois"-Elizabeth A. R. Brown 1997

Calvin's Tormentors-Gary W. Jenkins 2018-04-17 This book offers a unique approach to Calvin by introducing the individuals and groups who, through their opposition to Calvin's theology and politics, helped shape the Reformer, his theology, and his historical and religious legacy. Respected church historian Gary Jenkins shows how Calvin had to defend or rethink his theology in light of his tormentors' challenges, giving readers a more nuanced view of Calvin's life and thought. The book highlights the central theological ideas of the Swiss Reformation and introduces figures and movements often excluded from standard texts.

French Ceremonial Entries in the Sixteenth Century-Hélène Visentin 2007 The articles in this volume use a variety of disciplinary approaches to examine texts and archival documents recording sixteenth-century French ceremonial entries. By their very nature, ceremonial entries require such an approach: they bring together a number of artistic media, including music, architecture, and literature, and a range of political concerns, like international diplomacy and the relations between urban and royal power. Few cultural constructs offer such rich and varied terrain to the student of sixteenth-century France. The primary purpose of this collection is, therefore, to reflect upon salient aspects of ceremonial entries that may help us to understand how this ritual performed its complex and multidimensional cultural, intellectual, historical, and political work in order to cast a new light on French society in the early modern period.

De regibus Francorum-Jean Du Tillet 1555

Publishing The Prince-Jacob Soll 2010-03-11 As new ideas arose during the Enlightenment, many political thinkers published their own versions of popular early modern "absolutist" texts and transformed them into manuals of
political resistance. As a result, these works never achieved a fixed and stable edition. Publishing The Prince illustrates how Abraham-Nicolas Amelot de La Houssaye created the most popular late seventeenth- and eighteenth-century version of Machiavelli’s masterpiece. In the process of translating, Amelot also transformed the work, altering its form and meaning, and his ideas spread through later editions. Revising the orthodox schema of the public sphere in which political authority shifted away from the crown with the rise of bourgeois civil society in the eighteenth century, Soll uses the example of Amelot to show for the first time how the public sphere in fact grew out of the learned and even royal libraries of erudite scholars and the bookshops of subversive, not-so-polite publicists of the republic of letters. Jacob Soll is Associate Professor of History at Rutgers University. Cover art courtesy of Annenberg Rare Book Room and Manuscript Library, University of Pennsylvania Jacket Design: Stephanie Milanowski "Jacob Soll traces the origins of Enlightenment criticism to the practices of learned humanists and hard-pressed literary entrepreneurs. This learned and lively book is also a tour de force of historical research and interpretation." ---Anthony Grafton, author of Cardano's Cosmos and Bring Out Your Dead "Brilliant. How the printed page changed political philosophy into investigative reporting, and reason of state into the unmasking of power." ---J. G. A. Pocock, author of The Machiavellian Moment "Soll's path-breaking study is a 'must read' for all those interested in the history of political thought and early modern intellectual history." ---Barbara Shapiro, University of California Berkeley "Soll has done [Amelot] and his
context justice, writing as he does with a clear, singular, and welcome voice." ---Margaret C. Jacobs, American Historical Review

**Born to Write**-Neil Kenny 2020-02-27 It is easy to forget how deeply embedded in social hierarchy was the literature and learning that has come down to us from the early modern European world. From fiction to philosophy, from poetry to history, works of all kinds emerged from and through the social hierarchy that was a fundamental fact of everyday life. Paying attention to it changes how we might understand and interpret the works themselves, whether canonical and familiar or largely forgotten. But a second, related fact is much overlooked too: works also often emanated from families, not just from individuals. Families were driving forces in the production—that is, in the composing, editing, translating, or publishing—of countless works. Relatives collaborated with each other, edited each other, or continued the unfinished works of deceased family members; some imitated or were inspired by the works of long-dead relatives. The reason why this second fact (about families) is connected to the first (about social hierarchy) is that families were in the period a basic social medium through which social status was claimed, maintained, threatened, or lost. So producing literary works was one of the many ways in which families claimed their place in the social world. The process was however often fraught, difficult, or disappointing. If families created works as a form of socio-cultural legacy that might continue to benefit their future members, not all members benefited equally;
women sometimes produced or claimed the legacy for themselves, but they were often sidelined from it. Relatives sometimes disagreed bitterly about family history, identity (not least religious), and so about the picture of themselves and their family that they wished to project more widely in society through their written works, whether printed or manuscript. So although family was a fundamental social medium out of which so many works emerged, that process could be conflictual as well as harmonious. The intertwined role of family and social hierarchy within literary production is explored in this book through the case of France, from the late fifteenth to the mid-seventeenth century. Some families are studied here in detail, such as that of the most widely read French poet of the age, Clément Marot. But the extent of this phenomenon is quantified too: some two hundred families are identified as each containing more than one literary producer, and in the case of one family an extraordinary twenty-seven.


The Lit de Justice of the Kings of France—Sarah Hanley 2014-07-14 In this study of the Lit de Justice assembly, Sarah Hanley draws on history, legend, ritual, and discourse to show how constitutional ideologies were propagated in the Grand-chambre of the Parlement of Paris during the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. Originally published in 1983. The Princeton Legacy Library uses the latest print-on-
demand technology to again make available previously out-of-print books from the distinguished backlist of Princeton University Press. These editions preserve the original texts of these important books while presenting them in durable paperback and hardcover editions. The goal of the Princeton Legacy Library is to vastly increase access to the rich scholarly heritage found in the thousands of books published by Princeton University Press since its founding in 1905.

**Epistolae. Series VI, Volumen I: 1530-septembre 1538**
Jean Calvin 2005 Le premier volume de la nouvelle édition de la correspondance de Calvin contient quatre-vingt-cinq lettres écrites par Calvin ou qui lui ont été adressées. Les notes abondantes et précises ont bénéficié de toute la recherche calvinienne du XXe siècle.

**Queen Jeanne and the Promised Land**
David Bryson This is the first monograph on the fascinating and controversial Jeanne d'Albret, queen of Navarre, to make full use of contemporary manuscript and published sources focussing on her role as Huguenot leader of the Wars of Religion in southwestern France.

**Ordines Coronationis Franciae, Volume 2**
Richard A. Jackson 2017-01-27 The ordines coronationis are essentially the scripts for the coronation of Frankish and French sovereigns. Combining detailed religious, ceremonial, and
political material, they are an extraordinarily important source for the study of individual rulers or dynasties, as well as for the study of kingship, queenship, and the evolution of political institutions. Complete in two volumes, Richard A. Jackson's is the first full edition of these texts, including all the ordines from the early thirteenth century through the end of the fifteenth century, a period during which the texts shift from Latin to the vernacular, and the institutions of kingship become distinctively French.

The First French Reformation-Tyler Lange 2014-04-14
The political culture of absolute monarchy that structured French society into the eighteenth century is generally believed to have emerged late in the sixteenth century. This new interpretation of the origins of French absolutism, however, connects the fifteenth-century conciliar reform movement in the Catholic Church to the practice of absolutism by demonstrating that the monarchy appropriated political models derived from canon law. Tyler Lange reveals how the reform of the Church offered a crucial motive and pretext for a definitive shift in the practice and conception of monarchy, and explains how this first French Reformation enabled Francis I and subsequent monarchs to use the Gallican Church as a useful deposit of funds and judicial power. In so doing, the book identifies the theoretical origins of later absolutism and the structural reasons for the failure of French Protestantism.

The Church in the Republic-Jotham Parsons 2004-12-01
"This book presents an examination of the ways in which Renaissance humanism and the Catholic and Protestant Reformations interacted to create the modern state." -- BOOK JACKET. Title Summary field provided by Blackwell North America, Inc. All Rights Reserved

De Regibus Francorum - Jean Du Tillet (évêque.)

... Catalogue of Printed Books - British Museum. Department of Printed Books 1902

A Critical Bibliography of French Literature V2 16th C-

Proceedings, American Philosophical Society (vol. 128, No. 4, 1984) - American Philosophical Society 1869

King and the City in the Parisian Royal Entry Ceremony : (the) - Lawrence McBride Bryant 1986

Hebrew in the Church - Pinchas E. Lapide 1984-12 This is a print on demand book and is therefore non-returnable. This book represents the only comprehensive attempt made thus far to survey all the efforts among Christians and Jews from New Testament times onward to translate the New
Testament and the Christian liturgy into Hebrew. Whether the translators were intended to convert the Jews or to equip them with information necessary for the discussion of religion with Christians, they served to promote conversation and overcome divisions. The author's intimate knowledge of not only Biblical but also Michnaic and Modern Hebrew has enabled him to appreciate the various efforts at translation with acute sensitivity. Thus, the book is virtually a catalog of successes and failures in mutual understanding. More than the mere data of history, Hebrew in the Church is a penetrating contribution to the entire history of Jewish-Christian relations. It sheds fresh light on history itself, and it suggests important implications for anyone concerned with the exegesis of the New Testament. This unprecedented volume should receive the serious attention not only of specialists, but of all who work for a new understanding between Christians and Jews.

**Ordines Coronationis Franciae, Volume 1**-Richard A. Jackson 1995 The ordines coronationis are essentially the scripts for the coronation of Frankish and French sovereigns. Combining detailed religious, ceremonial, and political material, they are an extraordinarily important source for the study of individual rulers or dynasties, as well as for the study of kingship, queenship, and the evolution of political institutions. Complete in two volumes, Richard A. Jackson's is the first full edition of these texts, including all the ordines from the early thirteenth century through the end of the fifteenth century, a period during which the texts shift from Latin to the vernacular, and the institutions of
kingship become distinctively French.

**Boulainvilliers and the French Monarchy**-Harold A. Ellis 2019-05-15 Suspicious of the French monarchy, and scornful of the new elites that served it, Henri de Boulainvilliers (1658–1722) has been considered one of the Old Regime's paradigmatic aristocratic reactionaries, a founder of modern racist theory. Some scholars, however, have admired his "constitutionalism" and judged him a progenitor of an enlightened aristocratic liberalism now commonly held to have been a major force in shaping the ideology of the French Revolution. In a close contextual study of the writings of this enigmatic, pivotal thinker, Harold A. Ellis persuasively rethinks both images of Boulainvilliers, finding him a controversialist who interpreted French history as a self-consciously political writer seeking to address an emergent political public.

**History of the Christian Church**-Philip Schaff 1907

**History of the Christian Church: Modern Christianity; the Swiss Reformation, 2d ed., rev**-Philip Schaff 1898

**Modern Christianity. The Swiss Reformation**-Philip Schaff 1910
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